iswer St	neet No	. CHEN	MISTR	Y		(Group – I)		Roll No.
1		PART -	II	022/1	(OBJE	CTIVE PART)		
			(INT	ERMEDIATE	:)	(★)	<u>.                                    </u>	
		Ī						
. Dy. Su	pdnt.		Fictitiou	is Roll No. (For	Office Us	e)		Sign. Candidate
TTO NATE	OTD	<b>T</b> 7		022/1				
(EMI .RT –II		X	/ I NI	022/1 TERMEDIAT	E)	(Group – I)	Mani	17
-		DADT'	(114		-,			
JEC I	IVE	PART)		<b>(*)</b>	ATL	-6/22	Time	: 20 Minutes
e:- Wr	ite yo	ur Roll No. i	n space p	rovided. Over	writing,	cutting, using o	f lead	pencil
				questions are				•
Each					Tick (	√ ) the correc	t ans	wer. (17)
1	Ma	rk the corre	ct statem	ent;				
	Α	Metalli		Metallic	С	Metallic	D	Metallic
		charact		character increases fro		character remains the		
		down th		left to right	t	same from lef		same down the
		group		along a perio	od	to right along a period		group
2	Wh	ich of the fo	llowing is	s not an alkali ı	metal?	a period		Sign. Candidate  rks: 17  ie: 20 Minutes d pencil  swer. (17)  Metallic character remains the same down t group  Radium  Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O  red electrons?  O <sub>2</sub> HI  n;  Number of protons  dsp <sup>2</sup> Dehydrogenati phonated is; Chloro benzer  All the three  95%  2-Hexanone  Acetic acid
	Α	Franciu		Cesium	С	Rubidium	D	Radium
3	The	chief ore o						raaran
	Α	H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub>		Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> O	C	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	D	ALO H.O
4	-							<u> </u>
4	+					<del></del>	<del></del>	
	Α	O <sub>2</sub>	В	O <sub>2</sub> -	С	02	D	$\bar{O}_2^2$
5	Hydrogen bond is the strongest between the molecules of;							
	Α	HF	В	HCI	С	HBr	D	
6	The	strength of	binding	energy of trans	ition ele	ements depend	upon;	
	A	Number electron p		Number of unpaired electrons	С	Number of neutrons	D	
7	Wh	ich set of hy	brid orbit	als has planar	triangu	lar shape?		
	Α	sp <sup>3</sup>	В	sp	С	sp <sup>2</sup>	D	dsp <sup>2</sup>
8	Pre		vegetable	ghee involves	:			•
	A	Halogenat	<del></del>	hydrogenatic	-	hydroxylation	D	Dehydrogenatio
9	Am							
	A	Toluene		Benzene	С	Nitrobenzene	D	
10						Nitrobenzene	U	Chloro benzene
10				t carried out w				
	A	Primary al halide	kyl B	Secondary all halide	kyl C	Tertiary alkyl halide	D	All the three
11	Rec		contains	Ethyl alcohol a	bout:	Hallac		
	Α	80%	В	85%	c c	90%	D	95%
12				ill have the hig				33 /0
1-	Α	Methana		Ethanal	C	Propanal	D	2 Havanone
13	1			manufacture				2-HEXAMONE
	A	Formic ac		Oxalic acid	C	Carbonic acid	D	Acetic said
14	1			and NaOH is c		Jarbonic acid	<u> </u>	weene acid
17	A	Esterificati	<del></del>	Hydrogenolys	<del>-                                    </del>	Fermentation		Sananifia-ti-
15	1						D	
13	1				1	facture of pape	TT	
40	A	Cotton	B	Bagasse	C	Poplar	D	Kice straw
16	1 r			high contents			Т	
	A	NO <sub>2</sub>	В	SO <sub>2</sub>	C	NO	D	CO <sub>2</sub>
17		system is a					<del></del>	
	A	Lithosphe	re B	Hydrosphere	C	Atmosphere	D	Biosphere

(The End)

PAPER: PART-II

## INTERMEDIATE

MARKS: 68

4-

TIME: 2:40 Hours

## (SUBJECTIVE PART)

Note:- Attempt any TWENTY TWO (22) short questions in all selecting eight from Q. 2 and  $(22 \times 2 = 44)$ Q. 3 each and six from Q. 4.

SECTION - I

i	ite short answers of any eight quest Why metallic character increases from top to bottom in a group?		
iii	Give the formula of the following; (a) Spodumene (b) Magnesite	iv	What happens when (a) Lithium carbonate is healed (b) Berylium is treated with sodium hydroxide
V	Why aqua regia dissolve gold and platinium?	vi	Name the allotropic forms of phosphorus.
vii	Write the chemistry involved in Borax bead test.	viii	How Aluminum reacts with non metals
ix	How chromate ions are converted into dichromate ions?	X	What are the typical and non typical transition metals?
хi	Write the stages involved in the manufacturing of portland cement.	xii	Write the woody raw material used in the manufacturing of paper.

te short answers of any eight que Define functional group. Give two ii How the octane number of alkanes can examples. be improved? reaction. Disproportionation Define What is iodized salt? iv Give an example. State Markownikov's rule. Give an vi Convert Ethyne into Glyoxal. Define electrphile and Nucleophile. viii Write down four uses of Ethyne. vii What is saponification. Give reaction. ¥ Give the reaction of Grignard reagent with Methanal. How polyvinyl chloride (PVC) is Define polysaccharides. Give two prepared. Give its uses examples.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$ Write short answers of any six questions. Convert n-Heptane to toluene. How straight chain structure was ruled out for benzene (any two points). Why and how alcohol is denatured? How does ethyl alcohol react with; (a) SoCl<sub>2</sub>/Pyridine (b) NH<sub>3</sub>/THO<sub>2</sub>. What is peptide bond? Give formula of What is formalin? How is it prepared? a dipeptide. Briefly discuss recycling of waste by viii Write down structural formula of: deploymerization. (a) Valeric acid (b) Acetic anhydride What is chemical oxygen demand? How does it tell the Quality of water?

0000101011110	SECTION - II	
Note:- Attempt any thre	e questions.	$(8\times3=24)$
Mote Attempt any time	e to an invitation anaray	(04)
5- (a) Write comprehensive n	note on ionization energy.	(04)
(b) Discuss peculiar Behav	viour of Boron.	
6- (a) Describe role of lime in	industries. Write only eight points.	(04)
(b) Write down the reaction	ns of KMnO4 with	(04)
(b) Write down the reaction	) FeSO <sub>4</sub> (iii) Oxalic acid (iv) KO	H
(i) $H_2S$ (II)		
7- (a) Define hybridization. A	lso explain Sp2 mode of hybridization w	(0.4)
example of ethene.		10-17
(h) Heing ethyl bromide as	a starting material prepare following	(04)
(i) Estad exemide (ii)	) Ethene (iii) Nitroethane (iv) Eth	yl acetate
(i) Ethyl cyanide (ii	/ Lilono (iii)	
8- (a) How addition of Halog	lens to alkenes takes place.	(04)
Give the mechanism of	f reaction.	(04)
(h) Define Cannizzaro's re	action. Explain its mechanism with a	
suitable example.		(04)
Sultable example.	metics of honzona	(04)
9- (a) Write a note on sulpho	mation of benzene.	
(b) Describe Lucas test to	differentiate between primary, secondar	(04)
tertiary alcohols.		(04)
	(The End)	

Roll No.			

H.S.S.C (12th)-A-2022

Time

: 20 Minutes

(To be filled in by the candidate)

Paper: II

Chemistry

Group: I

Objective - (ii)

Marks: 17

Ch-III

Paper Code

8 3 8

SWL-91-22

Note: - You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct; fill that circle in front of that question number in your answer book. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling up two or more circles will result no mark.

## **SECTION-A**

Q.1	Questions	A	В	С	D
1.	Which woody raw material is used for the manufacture of paper pulp?	Cotton	Bagasse	Poplar	Ricestraw
2.	Ecosystem is a smaller unit of:	Lithosphere	Hydrosphere	Atmosphere	Blospifere
3.	A single chloride free radical can destroy how many Ozone molecules:	100	100000	10000	10
4.	The correct statement is:	Metallic character increases down the group	Metallic character increases from left to right along a period	Metallic character remains same from Jelf toright along a period	Metallic character remains same down the group
5.	Chile saltpetre has the chemical formula:	NaNO <sub>3</sub>	KNO2	Na <sub>2</sub> B <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O
6.	The chief ore of Aluminum is:	Na <sub>3</sub> AIF <sub>6</sub>	Al <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>3</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> 0	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O
7.	Ketones are prepared by the oxidation of:	Primary alcohol	Secondary alcohol	Tertiary alcohol	All of these
8.	A carboxylic acid contains:	A bydroxyl group	A carboxyl group	A hydroxyl and carboxyl group	A phenolic group
9.	Which of these polymers is synthetic polymer?	Animal fat	Starch	Cellulose	Polyester
10.	Among the group VA elements the most electronegative element is:	Sb	N	P	As
11.	Chlorine heptaoxide (Cl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> ) reacts with water to form:	Hypochlorous acid	Chloric acid	Perchloric acid	Chlorine and Oxygen
12.	Which of the given is a typical transition metal?	Sc	Y	Ra	Со
13.	In, tabutyl alcohol, the tertiary carbon is bonded to:	Two hydrogen atoms	One hydrogen atom	Three hydrogen atoms	No hydrogen atom
14.	Formula of Chloroform is:	CH₃Cl	CCI <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	CHCl₃
15.	Aromatic hydrocarbons are the derivatives of:	Normal series of paraffins	Alkene	Benzene	Cyclohexane
16.	When CO <sub>2</sub> is made to react with Ethyl Magnesium lodide, followed by acid hydrolysis, the product formed is:	Propane	Propanoic acid	Propanal	Propanol
17.	Which compound will have maximum repulsion with $H_2O$ ?	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -OH	CH <sub>3</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -OH	CH₃-O-CH₃

	Roll No. (To be filled in by the cand	didate)
Che	mistry H.S.S.C (12th)-A-2022 Time : 2:40 Hour	'S
Pape		
Note:	Section B is compulsory. Attempt any 3 questions from Section C.	0.
2.	SECTION-B Write short answers to any Eight parts. (8 x	2 = 16)
2. i.	Why I.E of inert gases is maximum along the period?	2 - 10,
ii.	The hydration energies of different ions are in the given order $Al^{3+} > Mg^{2+} > Na^+$ Give reason.	
iii.	Why aq. solution of sodium carbonate is alkaline in nature?	
iv.	What is milk of Magnesia? Give its use as medicine.	
٧.	SiO <sub>2</sub> exists in solid state while CO <sub>2</sub> in gaseous state. Give reason.	
vi.	Give four uses of Sodium Silicates.  Give two reactions in which nitrous acid (HNO <sub>2</sub> ) behaves as oxidizing agent.	
vii. viii.	What is Aqua Regia, how does it dissolve gold?	
ix.	What is Stadeler's process? Give its reaction.	
х.	What is Sacrificial corrosion?	
xi.	Define micronutrients. Give examples.	
xii.	What types of reactions taking place in first 24 hours during setting of cement?	
3.		2 = 16)
i.	Describe the term "available chlorine" with reactions.  How Bleaching powder is prepared by Hasenclever's Method?	
ji. jii.	What are homocyclic and heterocyclic compounds. Give one example of each.	
iv.	Write down the structural formulas of (i) Naphthalene (ii) Anthracene.	
٧.	How will you synthesize the following compounds starting from ethyne? (i) Oxalic acid (ii) Acrylo	nitrile.
vi.	How does propyne react with the given reagents? (i) AgNO <sub>3</sub> /NH <sub>4</sub> OH (ii) Cu <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> /NH <sub>4</sub> OH	
vii.	Identify A and B. $CH_3CH_2CH_2OH \xrightarrow{PCl_3} A$ . $A \xrightarrow{No/Ether} B$ .	
viii.	Give IUPAC names of the given compounds. (a) $CH_2CI_2$ (b) $CH_2-CH_2$	
	Br Br	
ix.	How will you convert? $CH_3 - CH_2 - Br \longrightarrow CH_3COOC_2H_5$	
х.	What is meant by Rancidity of fats and oils?	
xi.	Demonstrate Hardening of Oils with example.	
xii.	Describe condensation polymerization with example.	2 = 12)
4. i.	Write short answers to any Six parts. (6 x Give names and possible isomeric structures of xylenes.	~ <b>.</b> _ ,
ii.	Why benzene is less reactive than alkenes?	
iii.	Absolute alcohol cannot be prepared by fermentation process, Why?	
iv.	How would you convert phenol into cyclohexanol and picric acid?	
٧.	Write down any four uses of formaldehyde.	
vi.	How carboxylic acids can be prepared by the hydrolysis of esters?	
vii. viii.	Describe the synthesis of amino acid by Strecker method.  Write down necessary conditions for the formation of smog.	
ix.	How detergents are threat to aquatic animal life?	
	SECTION-C	
	(EACH QUESTION CARRIES EIGHT (8) MARKS)	_
	Define ionization energy. How does it vary in groups and periods in the periodic table?	4
(b)	Define semi-conductor. Write two properties and two uses of semiconductor.	4
6. (a)	Describe the commercial preparation of Sodium by Down's cell.	4
(b)	What is corrosion? Explain the electrochemical theory of corrosion	4
7. (a)	Describe any four features of organic compounds.	1x4
(b)	Define alkyl halides, how are they prepared from alcohols.	1+3
	Define polymerisation. Explain the linear polymerisation of ethyne upto the formation of Neoprene.	4
	How does acetaldehyde react with?	4
,-,	(i) HCN (ii) NaHSO <sub>3</sub> (iii) NH <sub>2</sub> OH (iv) H <sub>2</sub> NNH <sub>2</sub>	
9. (a)	Give the reaction of phenol with (i) HCHO (ii) Br <sub>2</sub> (iii) H <sub>2</sub> /Ni	2+1+1.
	Give the reaction mechanism of: (i) Nitration of benzene (ii) Sulphonation of benzene.	2+2
(0)	309-422-A-10250	

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